## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (currently amended) An optical fiber having at least one Bragg grating, the fiber comprising a core surrounded successively by cladding and by a coating, said fiber being obtained by directly writing said grating in the core or and/or the cladding through the coating which is made of a material that is substantially transparent to the ultraviolet type radiation used for writing said grating, in which the material of said coating contains a first polymer network interpenetrated by a second polymer.
- 2. (original) An optical fiber having at least one Bragg grating according to claim 1, in which said first polymer network is obtained from a first component that is cross-linkable by one of the following cross-linking operations: photocuring and thermocuring.
- 3. (currently amended) An optical fiber having at least one Bragg grating according to claim 2, in which, when the second polymer forms a second polymer network, said <u>first</u> polymer network is obtained from said first cross-linkable component by a first of said cross-linking operations and the second polymer network is obtained from a second cross-linkable component by a distinct second one of said cross-linking operations.

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4. (currently amended) An optical fiber having at least one Bragg grating according to claim 3, in which the first component is a photocurable polymer precursor carrying a photocuring function preferably selected from acrylate, methacrylate, thiol polyene, epoxy, and

vinyl ether functions, and said second component is a precursor for a thermocurable polymer.

- 5. (currently amended) An optical fiber having at least one Bragg grating according to claim 1, in which said material is obtained from a liquid mixture comprising 3% to 95% by weight of a precursor of photocurable silicone and preferably 64.5%, and 5% to 97% by weight of a precursor of thermocurable silicone, and preferably 35.5%.
- 6. (original) An optical fiber having at least one Bragg grating according to claim 1, in which, when the second polymer forms a second polymer network, said first polymer network is obtained from said first photocurable component by a cationic method and said second polymer network is obtained from a second photocurable component by a radical method.
- 7. (currently amended) An optical fiber having at least one Bragg grating according to claim 1, in which said second polymer is a thermoplastic preferably selected from polyvinylidene fluorides and copolymers of polyvinylidene fluorides and polyhexafluoropropene.
- 8. (currently amended) An optical device incorporating a fiber having a Bragg grating, the fiber comprising a core surrounded successively by cladding and by a coating, said grating

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being obtained by being written directly in the core or and/or the cladding of the fiber through

the coating which is made of a material that is substantially transparent to ultraviolet type

radiation used for lighting said grating, wherein the material of said coating contains a first

polymer network interpenetrated with a second polymer.

9. (new) An optical fiber having at least one Bragg grating according to claim 3, in which

the first component is a photocurable polymer precursor carrying a photocuring function selected

from acrylate, methacrylate, thiol polyene, epoxy, and vinyl ether functions, and said second

component is a precursor for a thermocurable polymer.

10. (new) An optical fiber having at least one Bragg grating according to claim 1, in

which said material is obtained from a liquid mixture comprising 64.5% by weight of a precursor

of photocurable silicone and 35.5% by weight of a precursor of thermocurable silicon.

11. (new) An optical fiber having at least one Bragg grating according to claim 1, in

which said second polymer is a thermoplastic selected from polyvinylidene fluorides and

copolymers of polyvinylidene fluorides and polyhexafluoropropene.

12. (new) An optical fiber, comprising:

a core;

a cladding surrounding the core;

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a coating surrounding the cladding; and

at least one Bragg grating;

wherein the coating comprises a material that is substantially transparent to the ultraviolet radiation, the material comprising a first polymer network interpenetrated by a second polymer network.

- 13. (new) The optical fiber according to claim 12, wherein the Bragg grating is directly written in the core or the cladding through the coating.
- 14. (new) The optical fiber according to claim 12, wherein the first and second polymer networks are intermeshed.
- 15. (new) The optical fiber according to claim 14, wherein the first and second polymer networks are substantially not crosslinked with each other.
- 16. (new) The optical fiber according to claim 15, wherein the first polymer network has crosslinked chains and the second polymer network has crosslinked chains.
- 17. (new) The optical fiber according to claim 15, wherein the first polymer network is a 3-D network.

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18. (new) The optical fiber according to claim 12, wherein the first polymer network and the second polymer network are heterogeneous.

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